

Air Compressor Training



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*“Its what you learn after you know it ALL
that counts”*

- John Wooden

*“The future belongs to those who see possibilities
before they become obvious”*

- John Sculley



Sales – Rentals - Parts - Service- Instalations



Reciprocating Compressors



Rotary Screw Compressors 5-500 hp



Vacuum Pumps 1-200 hp



Dryers



Air Treatment



Oil • Filters • Parts



Energy Efficient Aluminum Piping for Compressed Air



Preventive Maintenance & Repairs

Compressed Air System Training



What is Air?

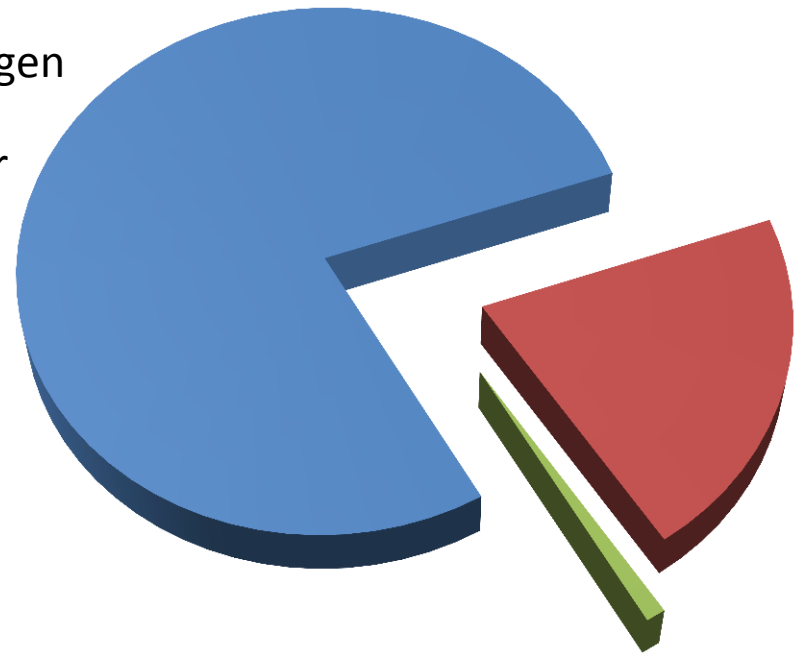
- It is a gas
- It is invisible
- Has no color
- Has no odor

Contains

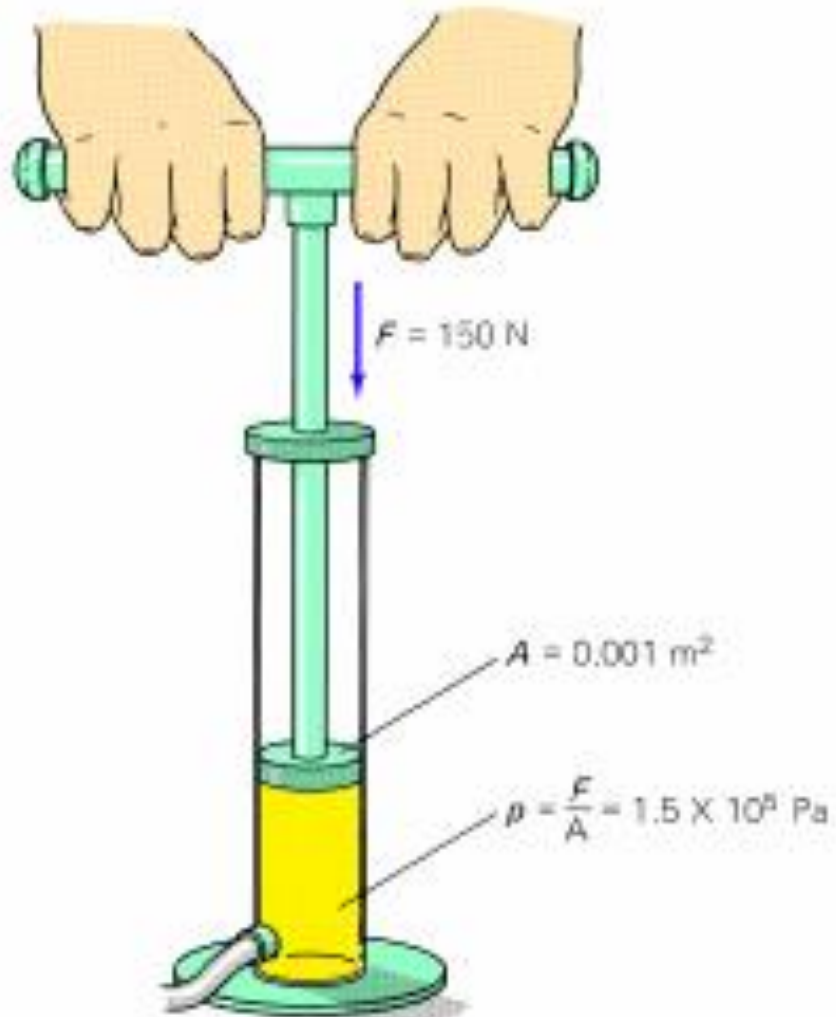
■ 78% Nitrogen

■ 21% Oxygen

■ 1% Other

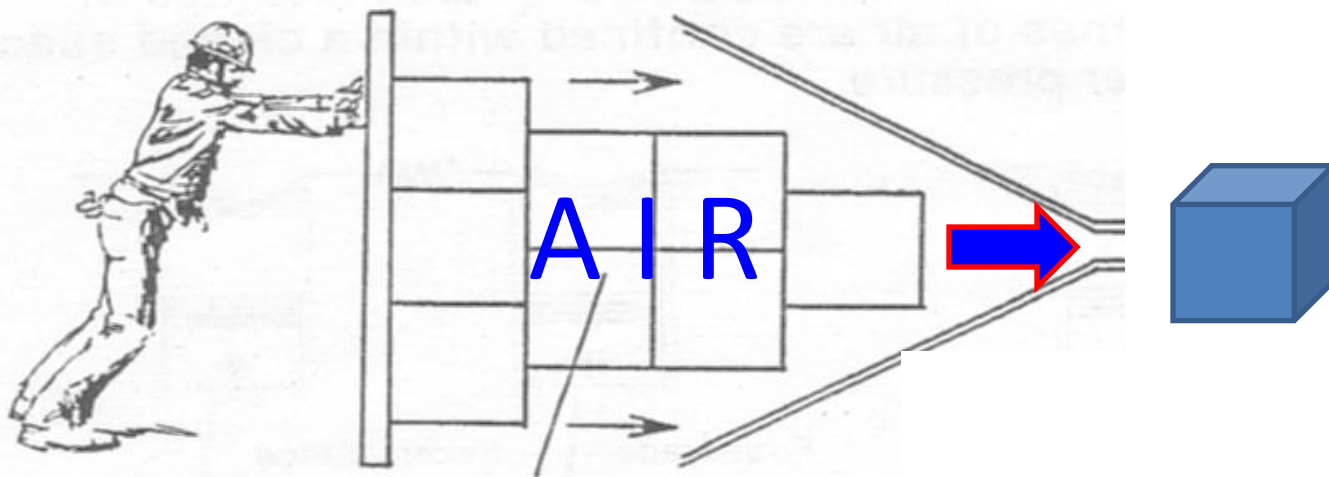


Air Can Be Compressed!

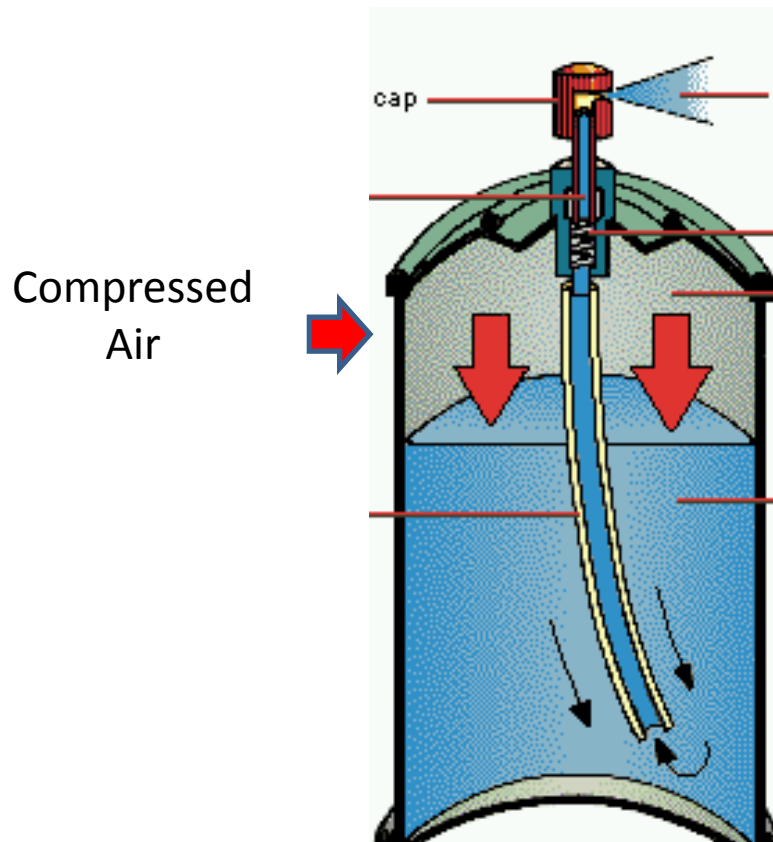


What is Compressed Air?

It is air that has been squeezed and stored into a smaller space which then increases its pressure above atmospheric pressure.



Compressed Air is Stored Energy



Compressed air performs work when it is released and expands back into the atmosphere

Compressed Air is the Fourth Utility

It is a utility similar to WATER, GAS, & Electricity.

Energy from compressed air is used to power
pneumatic production equipment



Compressed Air Has Manny Uses

Examples



Pneumatic Tools



Air Cylinders



Painting

Why is Compressed Air Used?

- Compressed air is an excellent medium for storing and transmitting energy in order to do work
- It is used to cool components or parts during fabrication
- It is used to blow off waste material
- It is used to move parts

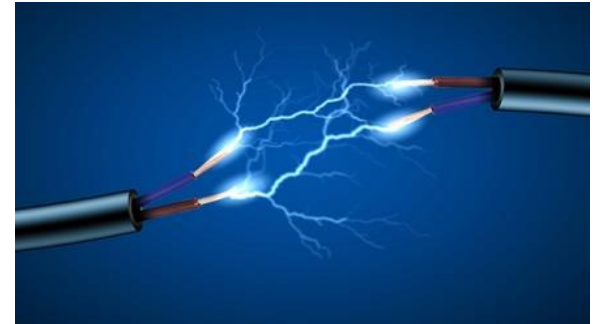
Why is Compressed Air Used?

- Pneumatic tools cost less
- Pneumatic tools produce less heat
- Pneumatic tools are lighter in weight



Why is Compressed Air Used?

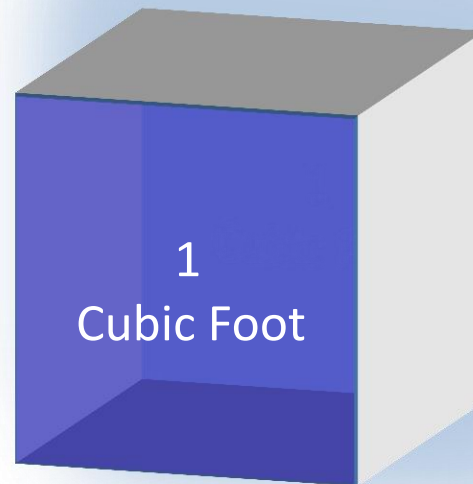
It is less dangerous than electricity



An electrical short may kill you but an air leak is unlikely!

CFM

- Compressed air is measured in CFM (**cubic feet per minute**)
- This is the **VOLUME** of compressed air that an air compressor produces in 1 minute



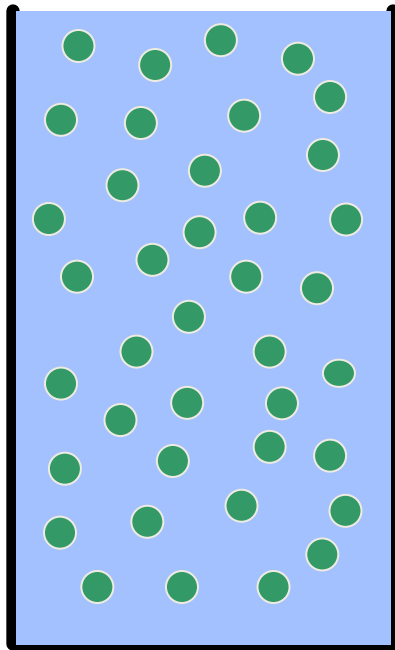
PSI

- **Pounds per square inch**
- This is the measure of **FORCE** that the compressed air applies

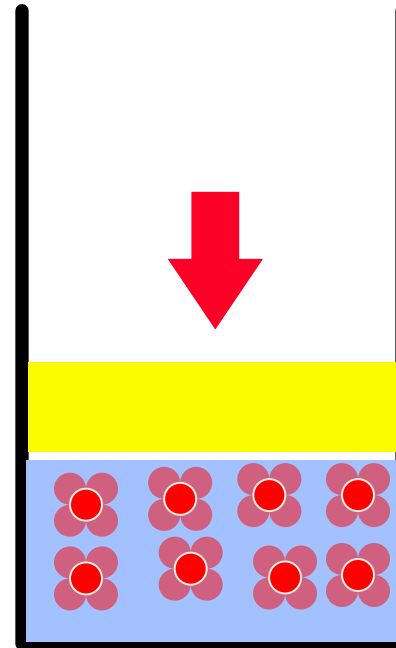


What Happens When Air Is Compressed?

The space it occupies is reduced
and the air pressure increases



Atmospheric
Pressure = 0 PSI



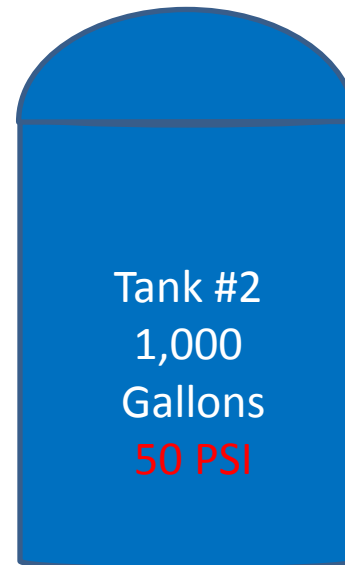
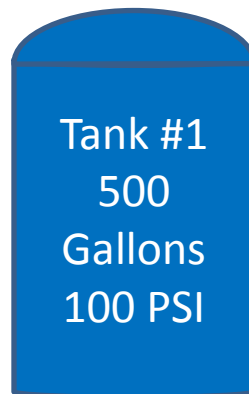
Compressed
Air = > 0 PSI

Same amount
of air in a
smaller space

Relation of Pressure & Volume

If the air in tank #1 is moved to tank #2
what will the pressure be in tank #2?

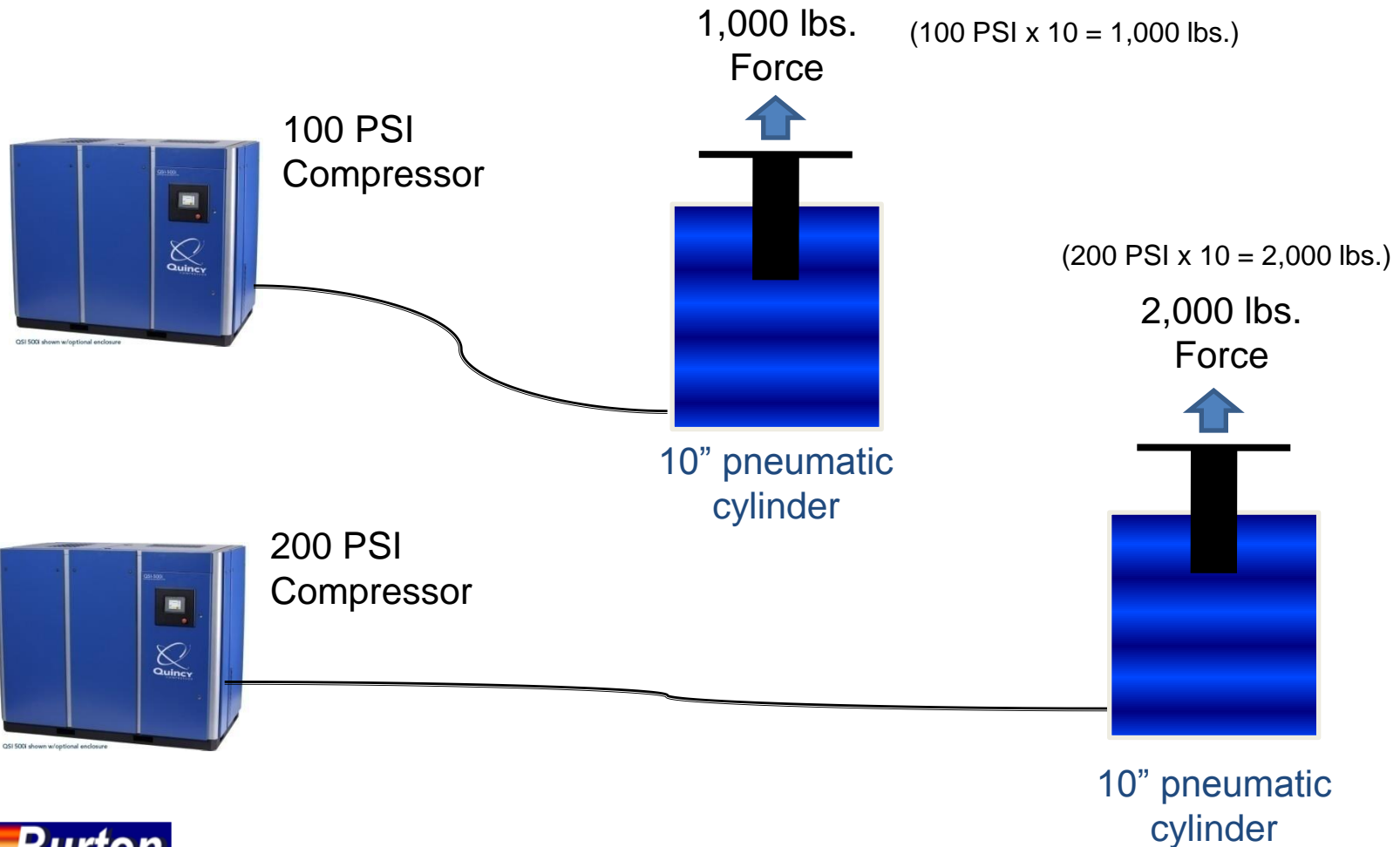
The pressure is reduced in half if the volume is doubled



PSI = Force

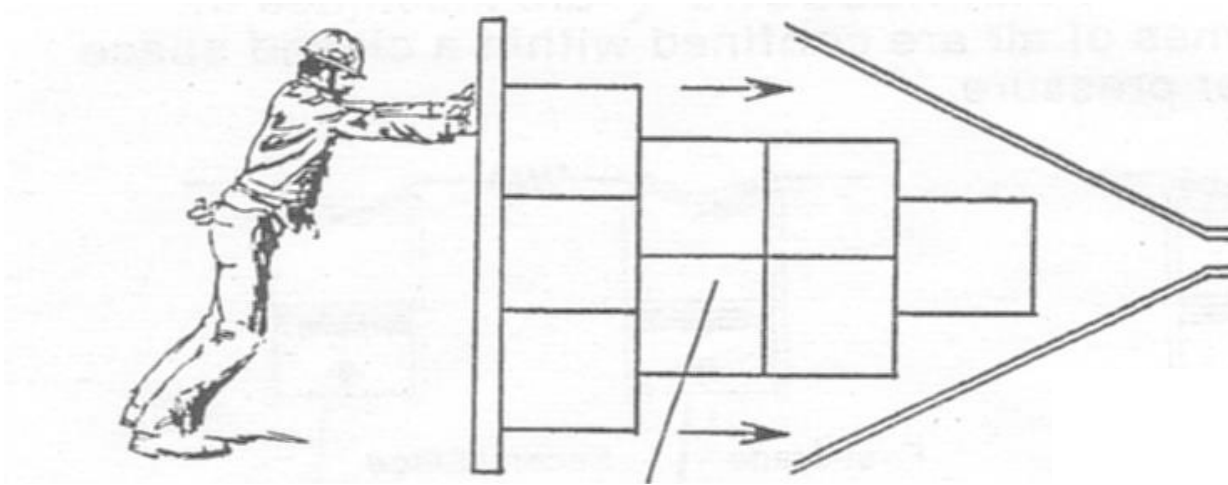
Higher Pressure Increases the Applied Force

PSI x Diameter of Cylinder = Applied Force



How Many Cubic Feet of Ambient Air Is Required
to Increase the Pressure to 100 PSI?

8 Cubic Feet



Ambient Air at Sea Level



- Air has weight
- Its weight compresses it and increases its pressure
- At sea level the ambient air pressure is 14.7 PSIA (pounds per square inch absolute)

Air Pressure & Volume Changes with Elevation



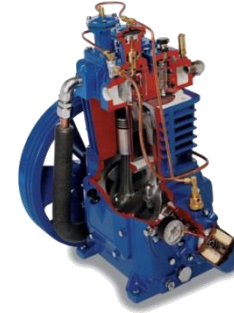
- At 29,000 feet above sea level there is less air and the air pressure is only 4.56 PSIA
- The ambient air pressure is reduced by .5 PSIA for every 1,000 feet of elevation
- Also a compressor at higher elevation produces less air volume because there is less air.
- A 500 CFM compressor at sea level produces 500 CFM
- The same compressor at 5,000 feet elevation produces about 400 CFM

Types of Air Compressors

- **Reciprocating**

- 75% duty cycle

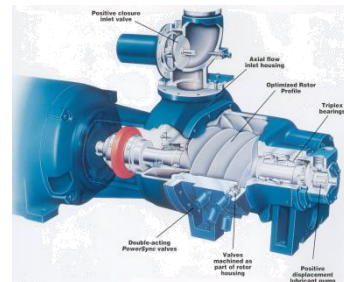
Designed to operate 75% of the time loaded & 25% of the time unloaded so it can cool down



- **Rotary Screw**

- 100% duty cycle

Can operate loaded 100% of the time



QSI 5000 shown w/optional enclosure

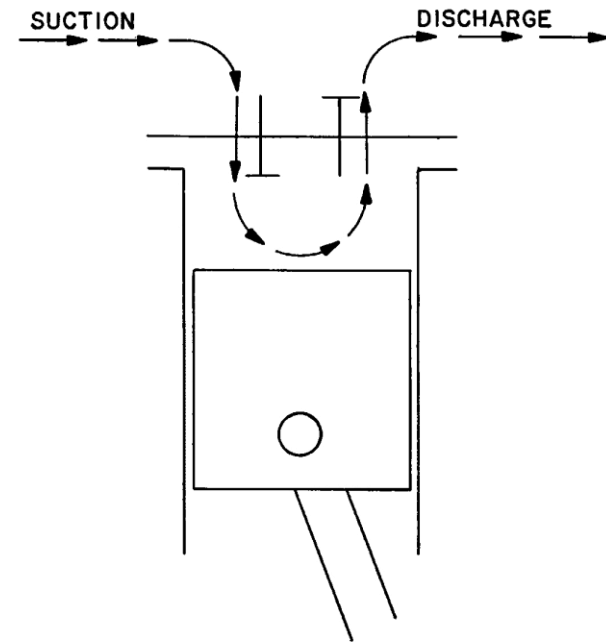
Types of Reciprocating Compressors

Single Stage

Two-Stage

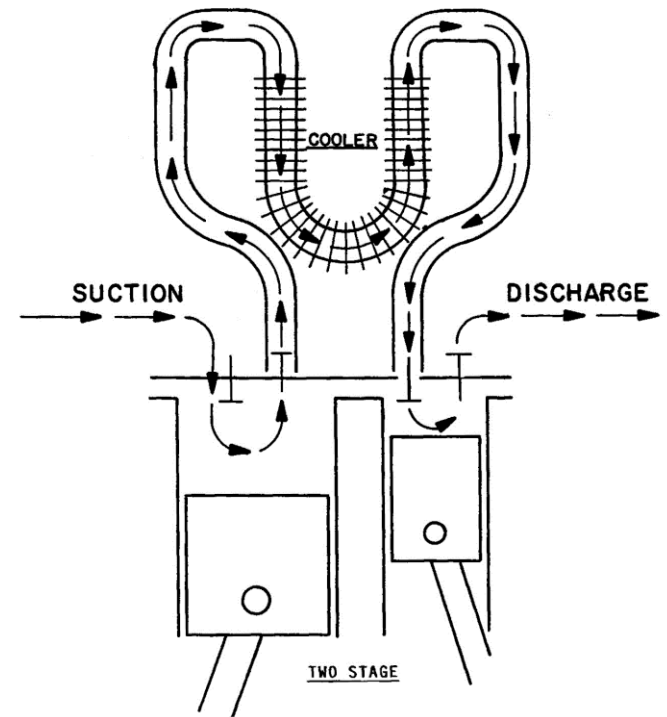
Reciprocating Compressor

- **Single Stage** - Compressor in which the air pressure is raised from inlet pressure to final discharge pressure in one compression cycle. As a rule of thumb, 100 psig is usually the maximum continuous discharge pressure for single-stage reciprocating compressors.



Reciprocating Compressor

- **Two Stage**- Compressors in which the air pressure is raised from inlet pressure to final discharge pressure in two compression cycles. Staged compressors have intercoolers between stages to dissipate the heat generated by the first stage compression cycle. They typically operate at a maximum 175 psi.





Rule of Thumb

A reciprocating compressor produces 3.5 CFM per HP

For example: a 5 HP two-stage reciprocating compressor delivers about 17 CFM at 175 PSI

A screw compressor produces 4.5 to 5 CFM per HP

For example: a 100 hp screw compressor delivers 500 cfm at 100 psi

Reciprocating Compressors

TYPICAL HORSEPOWER RANGE

1 - 30 HP



Single Stage Quincy Compressor

- 2 – 3 hp
- 110-135 PSI
- Start-Stop
- Reed valve design
- 75% Duty Cycle



Quincy Two-Stage Reciprocating Compressors

GOOD	QT	SPLASH LUBE
BETTER	QP	PRESSURE LUBE
BEST	QR	HEAVY DUTY PRESSURE LUBE

QT Quincy Compressor

Splash Lubricated

- 2 – 15 hp
- Splash lubricated
- Reed valve design
- 75% Duty Cycle



QP Quincy Compressor

Pressure Lubricated

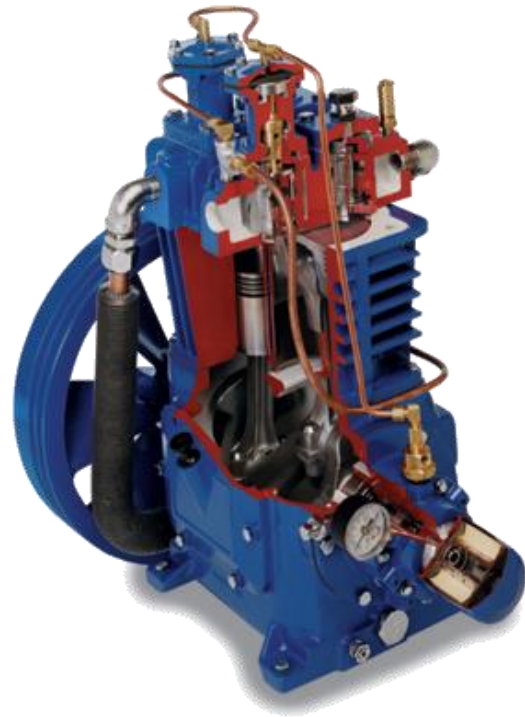
- 5 – 15 hp
- Pressure lubricated
- Oil filter
- Reed valve design



QR Quincy Compressor

Heavy Duty Industrial Pressure Lubricated

- 1 - 30 hp
- Pressure lubricated
- Heavy Duty Cast Iron
- Oil filter
- Tapered roller bearings
- Slow speed
- 100% Duty Cycle
- Superior valve design
- Oversized components



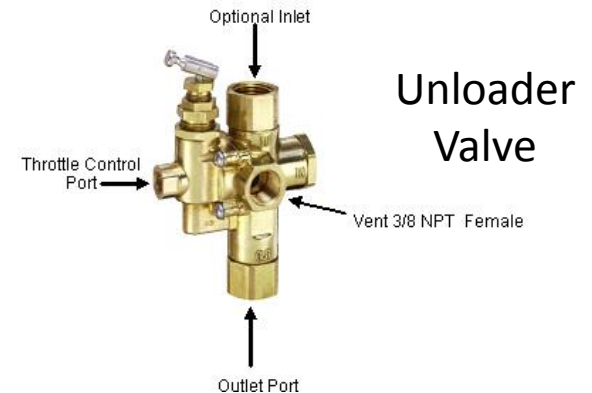
Reciprocating Compressors

CONTROLS

- **Start/Stop**— the compressor motor starts and stops based on the pressure switch cut in and cut out settings, typically no more than 8 motor starts per hour
- **Constant Run** – compressor motor runs continuously based off a pilot valve and head unloader or valve unloader. Used when electric motor starts are more than 8 per hour also used on gas engine units



Pressure Switch



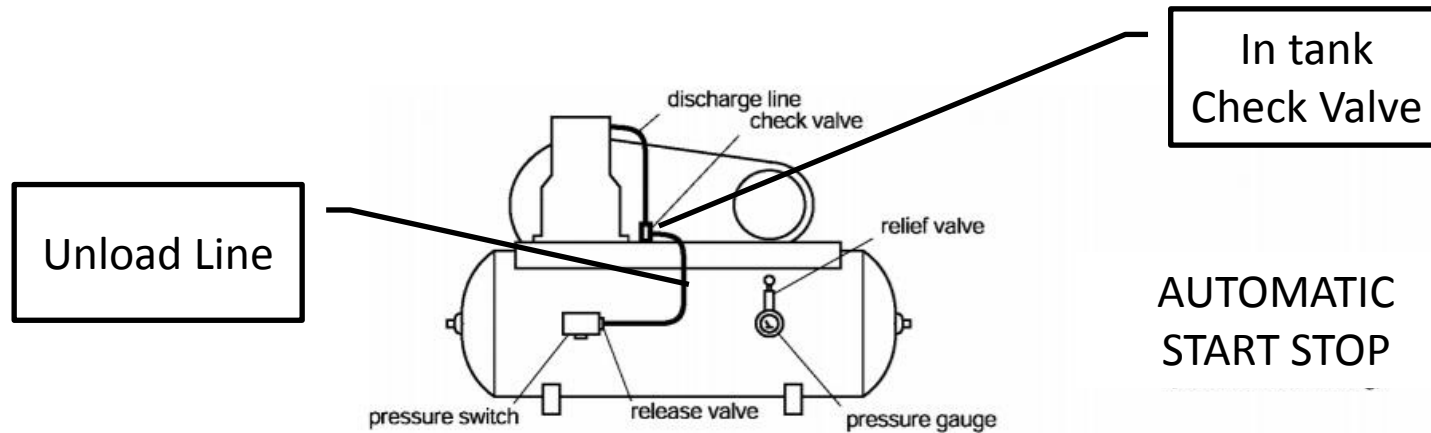
Unloader Valve



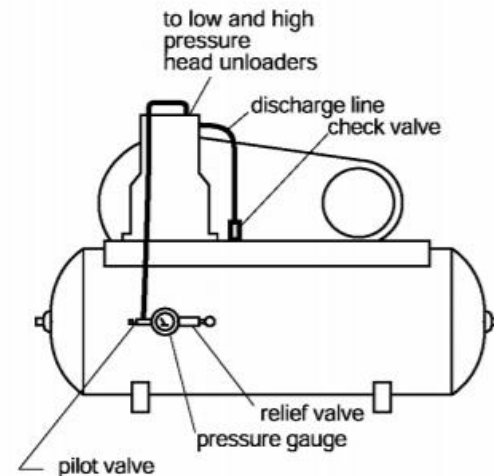
Pilot Valve

Reciprocating Compressor

CONTROL PIPING SCHEMATIC

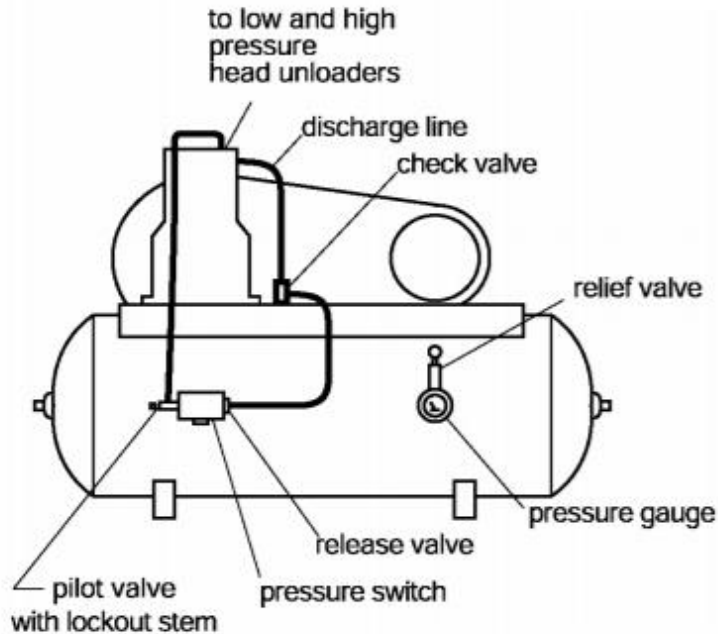


CONTINUOUS RUN



Reciprocating Compressor

DUAL CONTROL



Control Piping For Dual Control

*For Start / Stop operation
the pilot valve is open
(stem screwed out)*

*For Continuous Run operation
the pilot valve is closed
(stem screwed in)*

Reciprocating Compressors

DUTY CYCLE

- The percentage of time the compressor runs loaded in a given time period
- A typical reciprocating compressor has a 75% duty cycle.
- The compressor can be loaded 75% of the time and unloaded or turned off 25% of the time allowing it to cool down

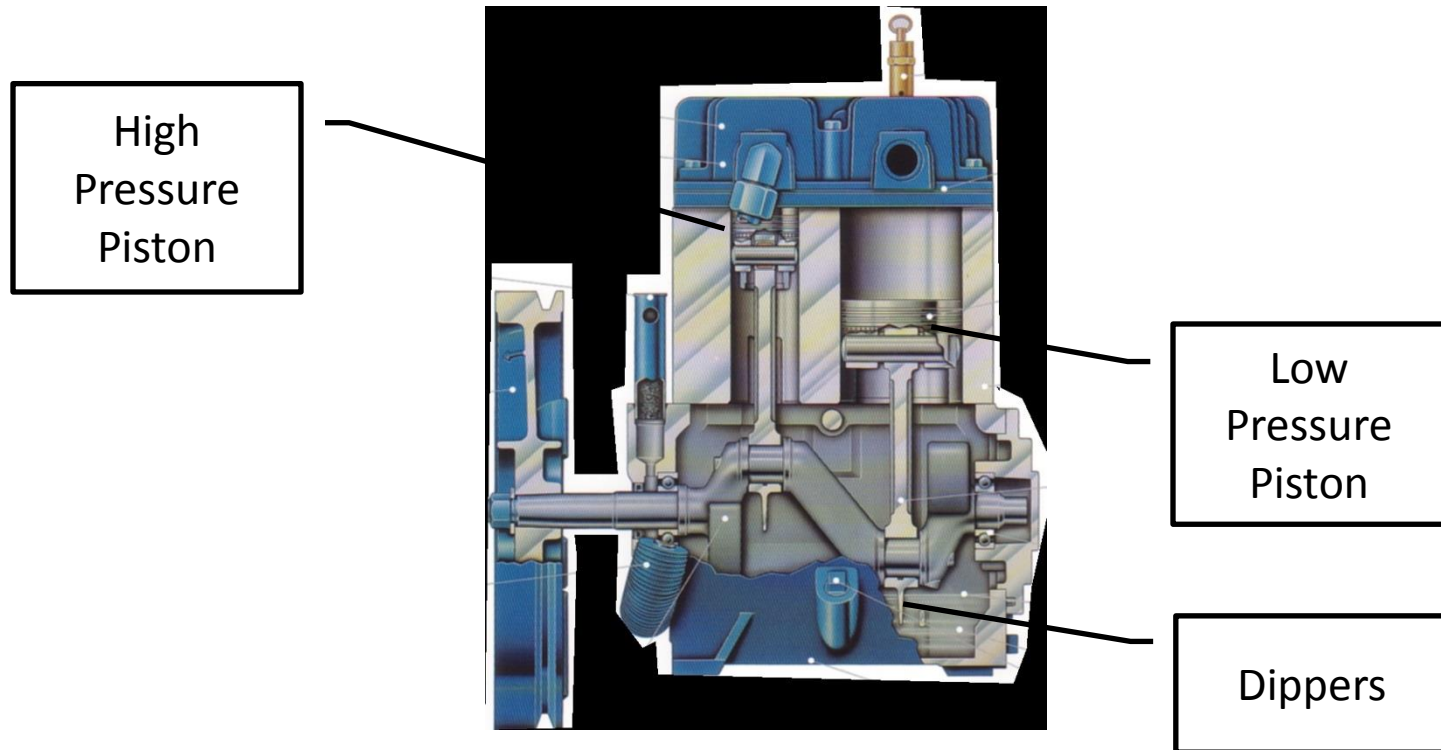


Reciprocating Compressor Components

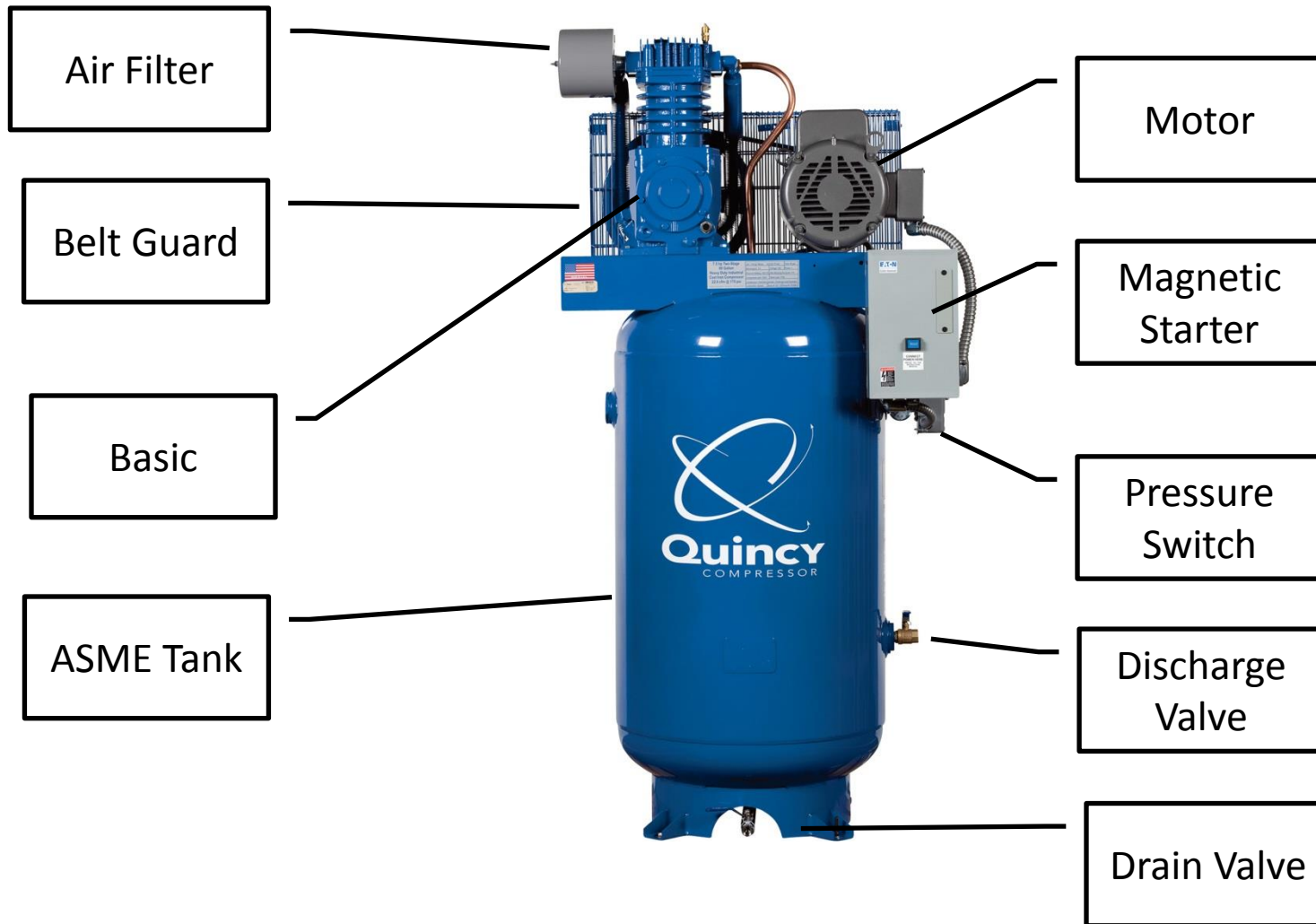


Reciprocating Compressor Components

QT Splash Lube



Reciprocating Compressor Components



Reciprocating Compressors

Pressure Switch



Unload
Valve



Pressure
Adjustment
Clockwise
to increase
pressure

Reciprocating Compressor Components

IEC Magnetic Starter

An electromechanically operated switch that provides a safe method of starting an electric motor with a large load. Also provides under-voltage and overload protection.



Required on all 3 phase motors
and most 5 and 7.5 hp single phase

Reciprocating Compressor Motor Types

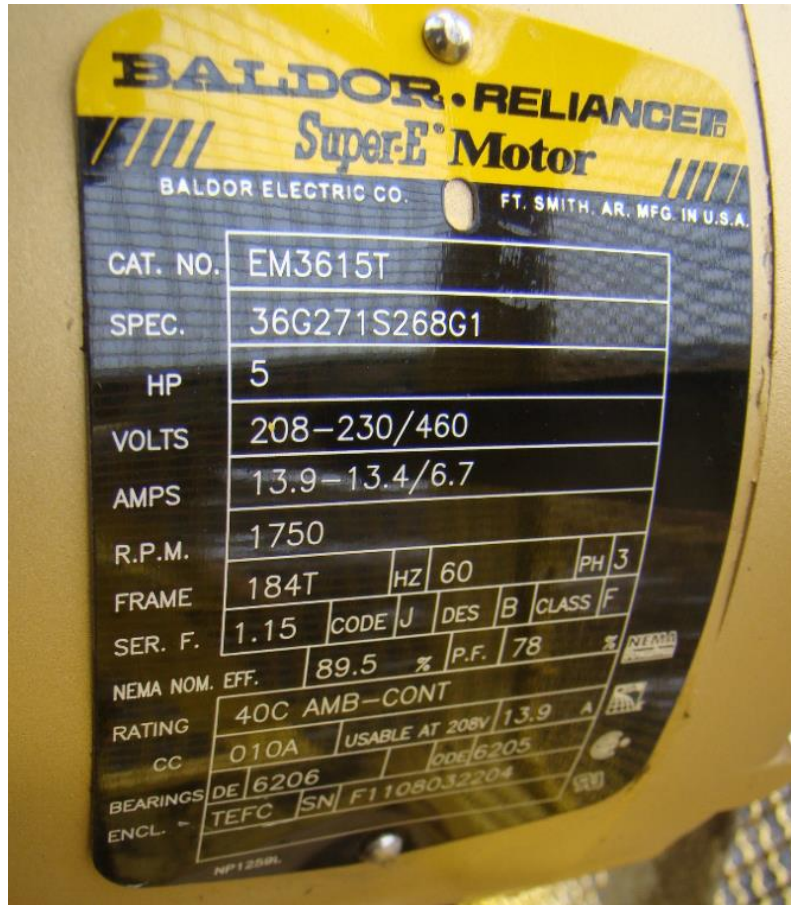


TEFC Motor



ODP Motor

Reciprocating Compressor Motor Tag and Types



Tag Information

- Cat. No.
- Spec.
- HP
- Volts
- Amps
- RPM
- Frame
- HZ
- PH
- Ser.F. (service factor)
- Encl. (enclosure)
- Bearings
- SN

Electricity

Voltages and Phases for 60 hz

Single Phase	3 Phase
115 volts	200 or 208 volts
230 volts	230 volts
	460 volts

- Incoming voltage can vary 10%
- Compressor motors 10 hp and larger are 3 phase

Determining Compressor PSI

The equipment that requires the highest operating pressure determines the compressor operating pressure set point.

CFM Required by Tool

Tool	CFM Required
½" Impact	5
1" Impact	12
Paint Sprayer	10
Air Sander	5

Guide to Selecting a Reciprocating Air Compressor

CONSIDERATIONS	
APPLICATION	STATIONARY OR PORTABLE
SIZE: CFM, HP	CONTINUOUS DUTY
PRESSURE	LOCATION: INDOORS, OUTDOORS
# OF COMPRESSORS NEEDED	MOTOR ENCLOSURE
OIL FREE AIR	TANK SIZE AND VERTICAL OR HOR.
ELECTRIC MOTOR OR GAS ENGINE	SIMPLEX OR DUPLEX
VOLTAGE AND PHASE	HOW SOON NEEDED

Compressor Selection Guide

Date		Salesman	
Business		Phone	
Address		Fax	
City, State, Zip		E-mail	
Contact Name		Position	
Compressor Information			
What is the air used for?			
Total CFM Needed including future?		@	PSI
# of compressors required?			
Is it for intermittent or continuous use?			
Time frame compressor needed?			
Existing compressors on site?	Brand		HP
	Brand		HP
	Brand		HP
Is a backup compressor needed?			
Compressor located indoors or outdoors			
Voltage Requirements?			
Cooling Medium – air or water cooled?			

Compressor Selection Guide

If you don't know your air demand at peak production then list the pneumatic equipment to be operated at the same time.			
Equipment	CFM Required	PSI Required	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
Total CFM:		Highest PSI:	
RECIPROCATING		SCREW	
Oil Free		Oil Free	
Basic or Base or Tank Mounted		Air-Cooled or Water Cooled	
HP		HP	
Voltage		Voltage	
Controls: (stop-start, constant-run or dual)		Fixed Speed or Variable Capacity or Variable Speed	
Tank & Size – Vert. or Hor.		Cabinet	
Starter		Low Sound adder to Cabinet	
Motor- ODP or TEFC		Base or Tank mounted compressor	

Compressor Selection Guide

RECIPROCATING		SCREW	
Simplex		Motor – ODP or TEFC	
Duplex with Alternating Panel		Starter – Standard, Reduced Voltage, or Wye Delta	
Low Oil Level Switch		Phase Monitor	
Drain (pneumatic or electric)		NEMA 1 or 4 Electrical Controls	
Flex Hose		Premium Efficiency Drive Motor	
Beltguard Aftercooler		Flex Hose	
Vibration Pads		Vibration Pads	
Extended Warranty Kit			

Compressor Selection Guide

DRYER	
Type of Application	
Dryer Type: Refrigerated or Desiccant	
Dryer Used With Recip. or Screw Compressor?	
CFM of Compressor	
Ambient Temperature where dryer will be located	
Inlet Temperature of air into the dryer	
Operating Pressure of air into the dryer	
Pressure Dew Point required	
Voltage	
Dryer Model Selected	
Filters	
Particulate	
Coalescing	
Tank	
Vertical or Horizontal	
Size in Gallons	
Pressure	
Drain	
Zero Loss Type	
Electronic Type	
Pneumatic Type	
Other	
Regulator	
Lubricator	

Effects of Increasing Operating Pressure

- CFM output decreases
- More hp required
- 1% more energy used for every 2 psi increase in pressure
- The motor draws more amps.

The Oposite Happens When Operating Pressure is Lowered

Reciprocating Compressors We Stock



Air Compressor
Sales • Parts • Service

SERVICE TRUCK COMPRESSORS

MODEL	BRAND	CFM	PSI	HP	ENGINE	TANK	KIT	BASIC
QT7.5-13H-30-PRO	QUINCY	23.6	175	13	HONDA	30	EWK3	QT7.5
QT7.5-14K-30-PRO	QUINCY	23.2	175	14	KOHLER	30	EWK3	QT7.5
AM1-PH65-08M	Mi-T-M	13.1	100	196 cc	HONDA	8		
AM1-PH65-08WPM	Mi-T-M	13.9	90	212 cc	HONDA	8		



CONTRACTOR PORTABLE COMPRESSORS

MODEL	BRAND	CFM	PSI	HP	VOLTS	TANK	BASIC
Q12120P	QUINCY	7.1	100	2	115/1	20	4116091341
Q12126VP	QUINCY	7.1	100	2	115/1	26V	4116091341
AM1-PE02-05M	Mi-T-M	4.2	90	2	115/1	5	



Reciprocating Compressors We Stock

STATIONARY ELECTRIC COMPRESSORS								
MODEL	BRAND	CFM	PSI	HP	VOLTS	TANK	KIT	BASIC
Q13160V	QUINCY	12.3	100	3.5	230/1	60		4116091342
QTV54-60-1-PRO	QUINCY	15.2	175	5	230/1	60	EWK2	QT54
QTV5-80-1-PRO	QUINCY	17.2	175	5	230/1	80	EWK3	QT5
QTV5-80-3-PRO	QUINCY	17.2	175	5	230/3	80	EWK3	QT5
QTV7.5-80-1-PRO	QUINCY	17.2	175	7.5	230/1	80	EWK3	QT7.5
QTV7.5-80-3-PRO	QUINCY	17.2	175	7.5	230/3	80	EWK3	QT7.5
QTV10-120-3-PRO	QUINCY	35	175	10	230/3	120	EWK4	QT10
QTH15-120-3-PRO	QUINCY	52.5	175	15	230/3	120	EWK5	QT15



ROTARY SCREW COMPRESSORS

MODEL	BRAND	CFM	PSI	HP	VOLTS	TANK	Dryer
QGS10WD	QUINCY	37	125	10	208/230/460/3	120	YES
QGS15WD	QUINCY	52	125	15	208.230.460/3	120	YES
QGS30WD	QUINCY	122	125	30	208.230.460/3	120	YES



REFRIGERATED AIR DRYERS

DRYER	BRAND	CFM @ 50	CFM @ 40	FOR COMPRESSOR	VOLTS
QRHT25	QUINCY	25	20	5-7.5 HP	115/1
QRHT50	QUINCY	50	40	10-15 HP	115/1
QRHT75	QUINCY	75	60	20 HP	115/1
QRHT100	QUINCY	100	80	20-25 HP	115/1
QRHT125	QUINCY	125	100	25-30 HP	115/1



EWK KITS EXTEND WARRANTY: PACKAGE FROM 1 TO 2 YEARS & PUMP FROM 2 TO 3 YEARS

Quincy Gas Engine Compressors

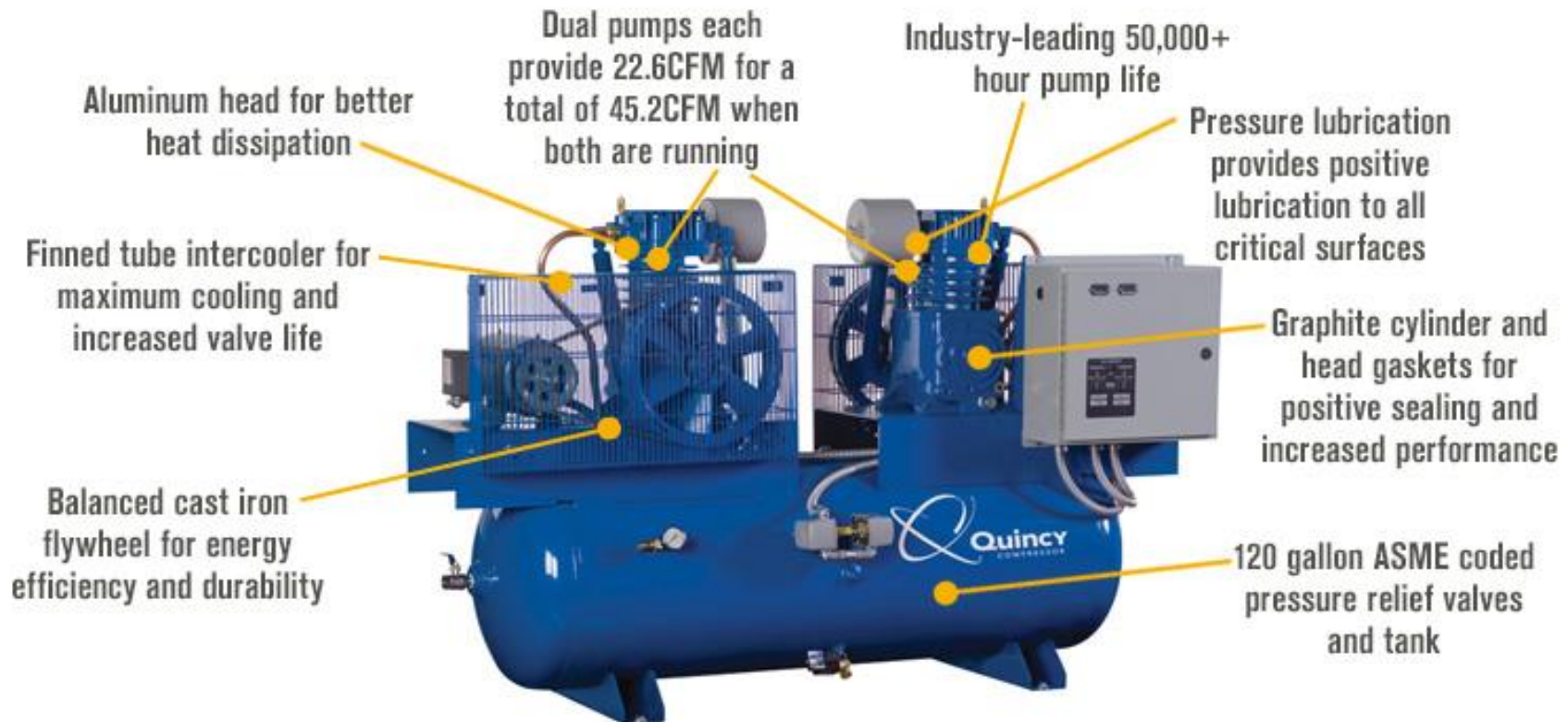


14 hp Kohler



13 hp Honda

Duplex Compressor



Quincy Compressor Warranty



Warranty Policy & Procedures Handbook

Reciprocating, Air Treatment & Rotary
Screw Products



Quincy Compressor Warranty

Series	Standard Warranty	Extended Warranty
Single Stage & Pro units	1 year package 2 years pump	2 years package 3 years pump
QR units	5 year on major components other parts 1 year	
QGS, QGD	5 years airend, drive motor, oil tank, cooler, flex coupling, 1 year package	
QGV & QSI	10 year airend, 5 years drive motor, oil tank, cooler, flex coupling, 1 year package	

Quincy Compressor Warranty Requirements

Series	Requirements for Warranty
Reciprocating Compressors	Register compressor on line, do maintenance, use original parts and oil
Rotary Screw Compressors	Start-up by Burton, use original parts and oil, do maintenance, send oil samples every 2,000 hours

Reciprocating Quick Start Guide

QUICK START GUIDE

QUINCY QT MODELS
BEGINNING WITH
**251, 253, 271, 273 &
MODEL 2V41C60VC &
MODEL Q13160VQ**

WARNING PRIOR TO INSTALLING OR OPERATING THIS COMPRESSOR, READ AND UNDERSTAND THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THIS EQUIPMENT.

STEPS 1 THROUGH 4 SHOULD BE PERFORMED PRIOR TO CONNECTING THE UNIT TO A POWER SOURCE.
IF ANY CONDITION OF THE CHECKLIST IS NOT SATISFIED, MAKE THE NECESSARY ADJUSTMENTS OR CORRECTIONS BEFORE STARTING THE COMPRESSOR.

1 REMOVE THE COMPRESSOR UNIT FROM THE SHIPPING CRATE AND PROPERLY INSTALL THE COMPRESSOR UNIT IN A SUITABLE LOCATION. (REFER TO INSTALLATION SECTION OF INSTRUCTION MANUAL.)



2 CHECK THE LUBRICANT LEVEL IN THE CRANKCASE USING THE DIPSTICK OR VISUALLY AT THE SIGHT GLASS. (REFER TO INSTALLATION SECTION OF INSTRUCTION MANUAL.)



3 HAVE A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN VERIFY THAT THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE MATCHES THE MOTOR REQUIREMENTS AND CHECKS WIRE SIZE, CIRCUIT BREAKERS AND OVERLOAD RELAYS FOR PROPER SIZE.



4 CHECK PIPING INSTALLATION. (REFER TO INSTALLATION SECTION OF INSTRUCTION MANUAL.)



5 JOG THE OFF-AUTO SWITCH TO CHECK THE ROTATIONAL DIRECTION OF THE COMPRESSOR SHEAVE. IT SHOULD AGREE WITH THE ROTATION ARROW EMBOSSED ON THE COMPRESSOR SHEAVE.



6 REGISTER YOUR WARRANTY ONLINE AT **QUINCYCOMPRESSOR.COM**

HELPFUL OPERATING TIPS

- ✓ CONSIDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS. QUINCY COMPRESSORS SHOULD BE OPERATED IN TEMPERATURES UNDER 104°F. IN COLD CLIMATES, THE COMPRESSOR SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN A HEATED BUILDING.
- ✓ THINK ABOUT CONDENSATION. REMEMBER TO DRAIN THE AIR TANK FOLLOWING EVERY USE. LUBRICANT THAT APPEARS MILKY MAY HAVE MIXED WITH CONDENSATE. HIGH HUMIDITY MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF AN IN-LINE FILTER OR AIR DRYER.

AFTER ALL THE ABOVE CONDITIONS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED, THE UNIT CAN BE CONNECTED TO THE PROPER POWER SOURCE.

QSGV-001 10/13

Reciprocating Quick Start Guide

Before installing compressor – read and understand instruction manual

1. Remove from shipping crate and install in a suitable location
2. Check the fluid level
3. Have a qualified electrician verify that the supply voltage matches the motor requirements and checks wire size and circuit breakers and overload relays for proper size



Reciprocating Quick Start Guide

4. Check piping installation
5. Jog the motor to check the rotation of the compressor
6. Register your warranty online at Quincycompressor.com



Reciprocating Compressor Quin-Cip Lubricant

112543Q100, Quart
112543G100, Gallon
112543P100, 5-Gallon
112543D100, 55-Gallon

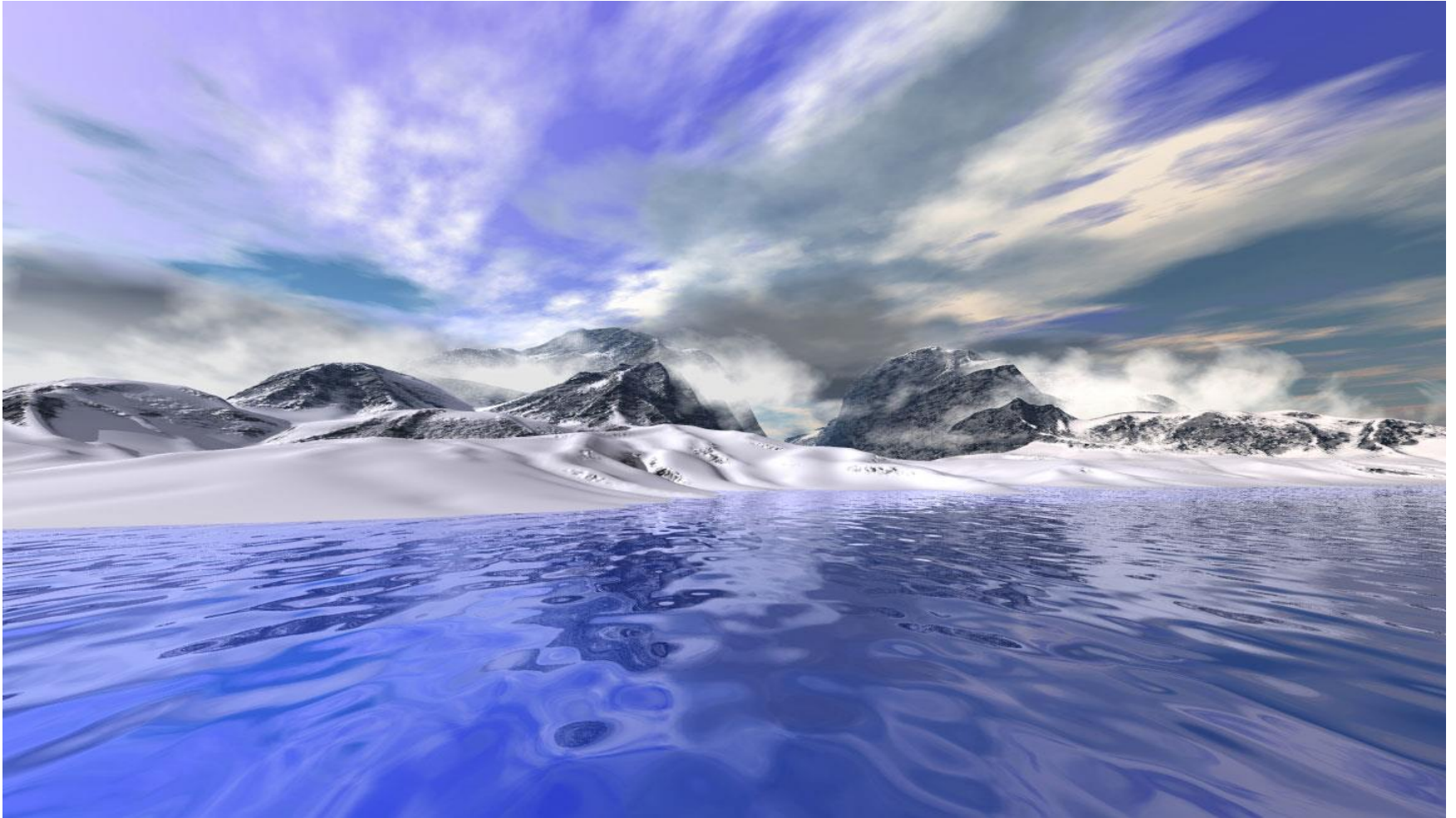


Reciprocating Compressor Maintenance

Interval	Procedure
8 hrs.	Check oil level
8 hrs.	Drain water from tank
40 hrs.	Clean or replace air filter
100 hrs.	Replace breaking oil with Quin Cip or Quin Cip D
160 hrs.	Check belt tension
500 hrs. or 3 mos.	Change oil Quin Cip
1000 hrs.	Change oil Quin Cip D if using
2000 hrs.	Inspect pressure switch, contacts on motor starter

Compressed Air Treatment

Ambient Air Contains Humidity



Humidity

It is the amount of water vapor in the air

A 100 hp Compressor Can Produce

25 gallons in 24 hours

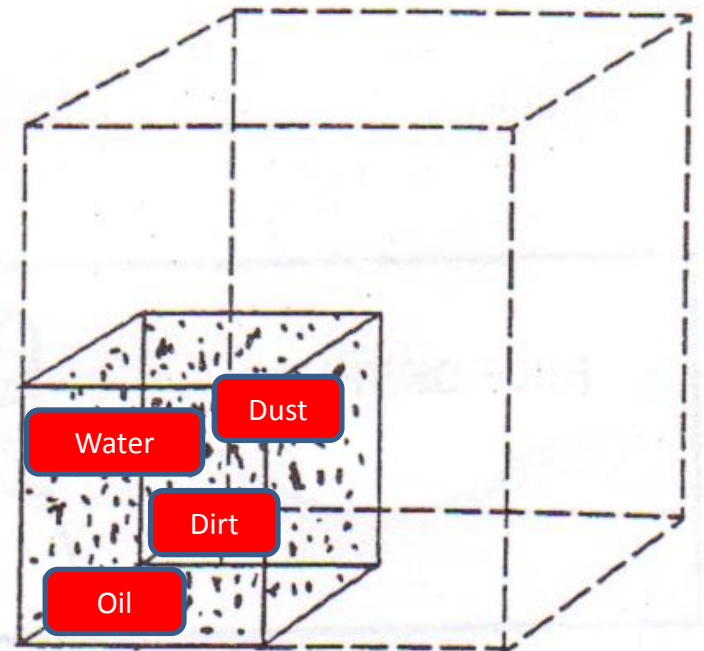
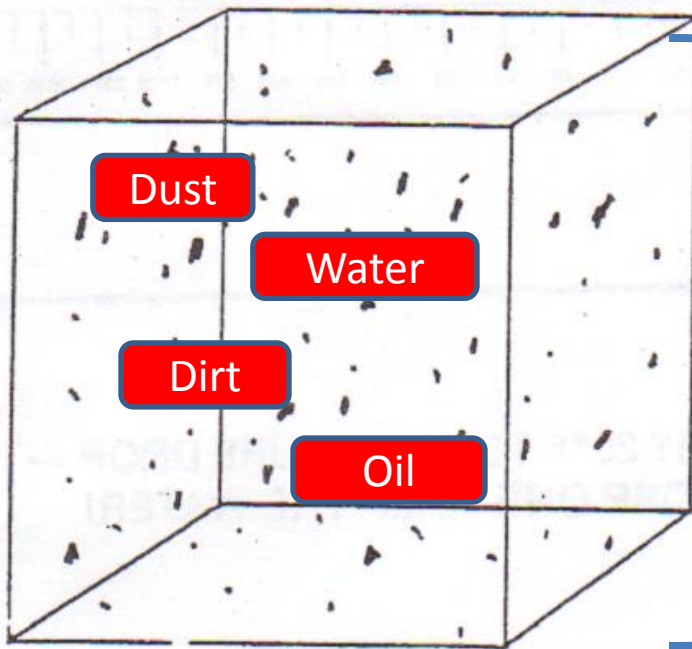


Compressed Air Treatment

Compressed air has to be clean and dry
before it can be used

Compressed Air Contains Contaminants

- Atmospheric air naturally contains several impurities such as dust, hydrocarbons and water.
- Lubricated compressors contaminate the compressed air with oil

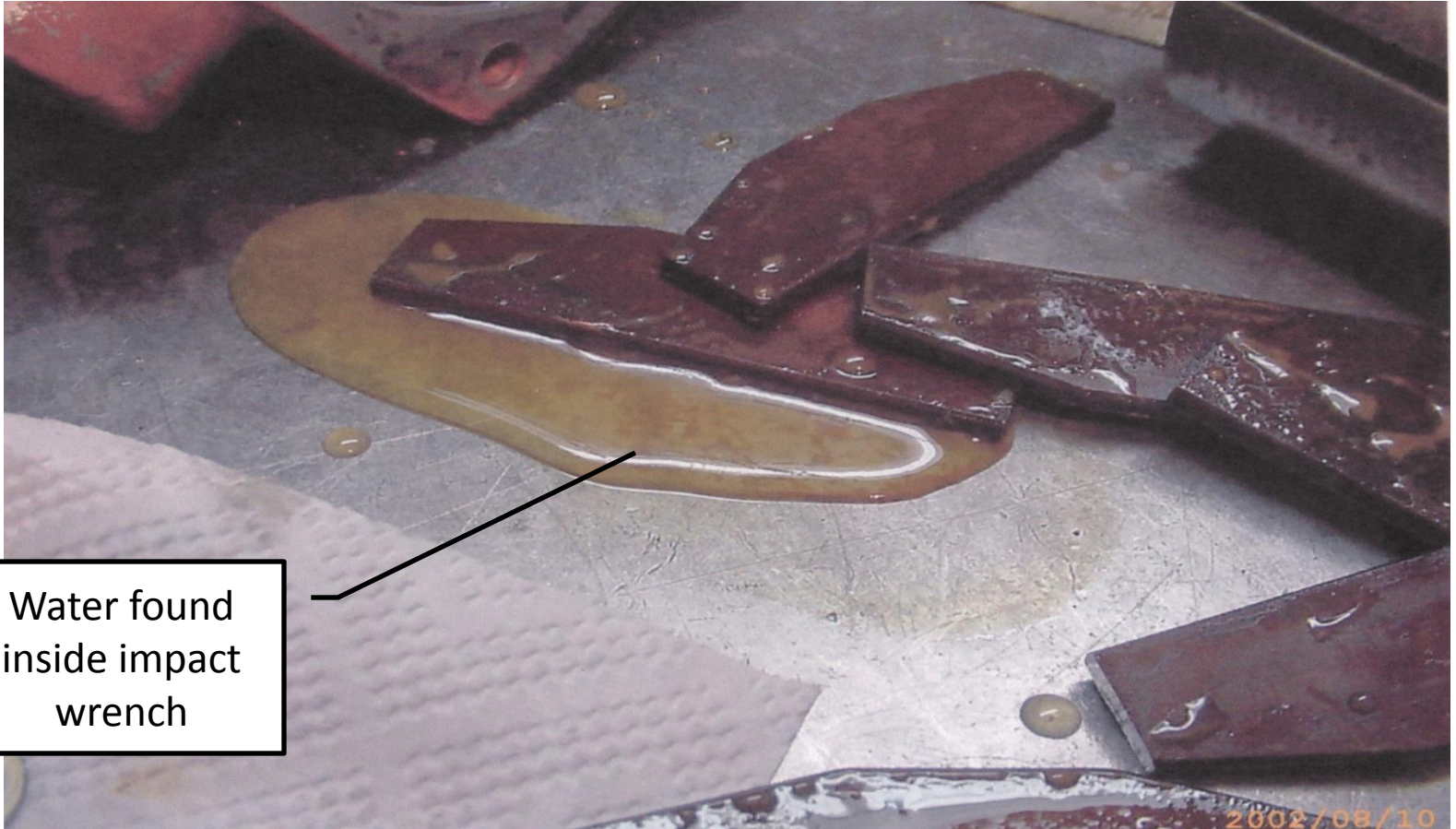


Impurities in Compressed Air Can Cause

- Damage to distribution lines, may cause leaks, clog lines and cause pressure drops
- Increase maintenance cost
- Reduce efficiency and life of pneumatic devices
- Deterioration of final product quality
- Limits the reliability of the production process and all of its components
- Decreases overall profitability

Harmful Contamination

Water in compressed air damages equipment



Water found
inside impact
wrench

Harmful Contamination

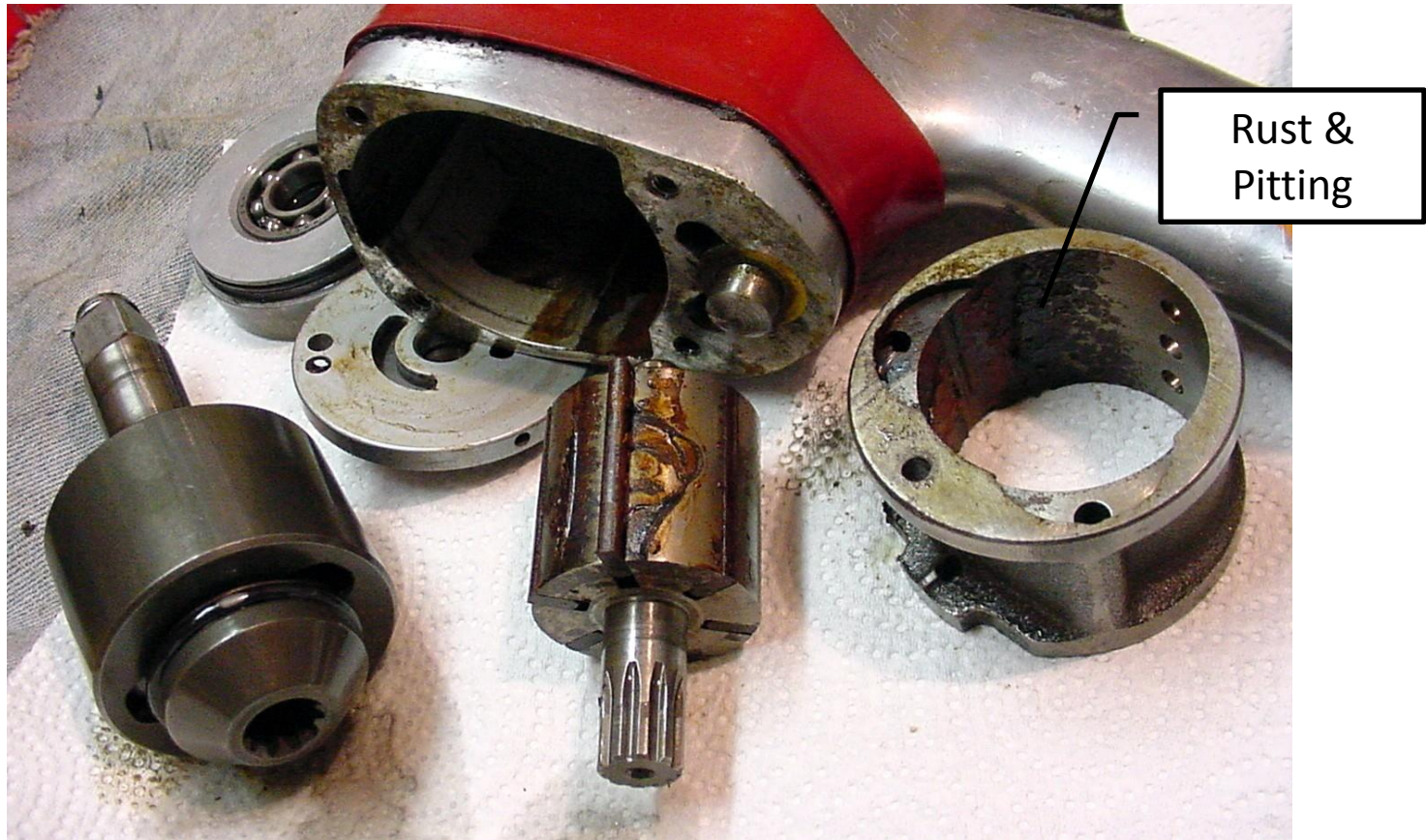
Water in compressed air damages equipment



Wear

Harmful Contamination

Water in compressed air damages equipment



Compressed Air Treatment

- Solid particulate and oil can be removed by filtration
- Water cannot be removed completely by filtration alone as it remains in a vapor state until it cools and condenses
- A dryer is required to remove the water in compressed air

Dew Point

- Atmospheric temperature (varying according to pressure and humidity) below which water droplets begin to condense and dew can form
- It is the measure of dryness we want the compressed air to be
- Typical dew point for automotive shops is 50°F
- Typical dew point for industry is 40°F

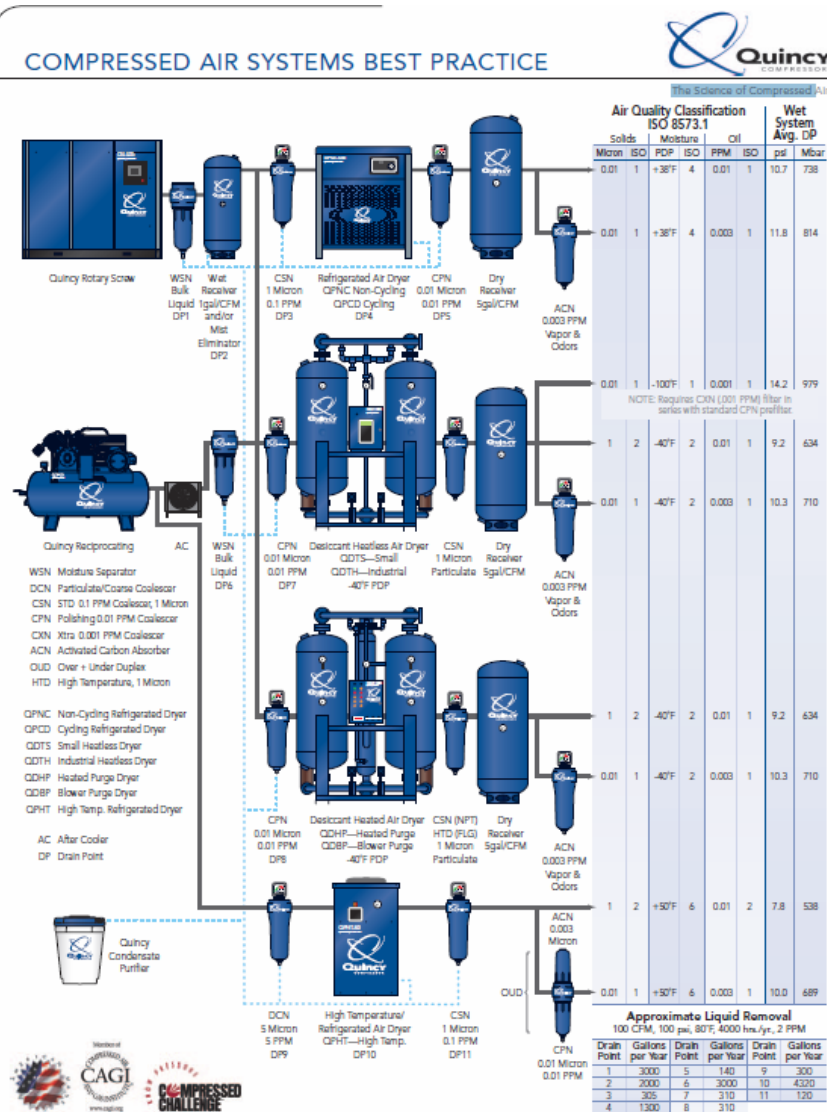
Relation of Temperature & Humidity

- Hot air holds more moisture than cool air
- Humidity in air is reduced by 50% for every 20°F reduction in temperature
- A dryer cools the compressed air to a certain temperature and the moisture in the air condenses. The condensed water is removed with an automatic drain.

Moisture is Removed From Compressed Air Using a Systems Approach

- Aftercoolers – 75% removal
- Mechanical Separators
- Filters
- Air Dryer
- Receivers & Pipe
- Filters
- Drains & Drip Legs

Compressed Air Treatment



Components of a Compressed Air System

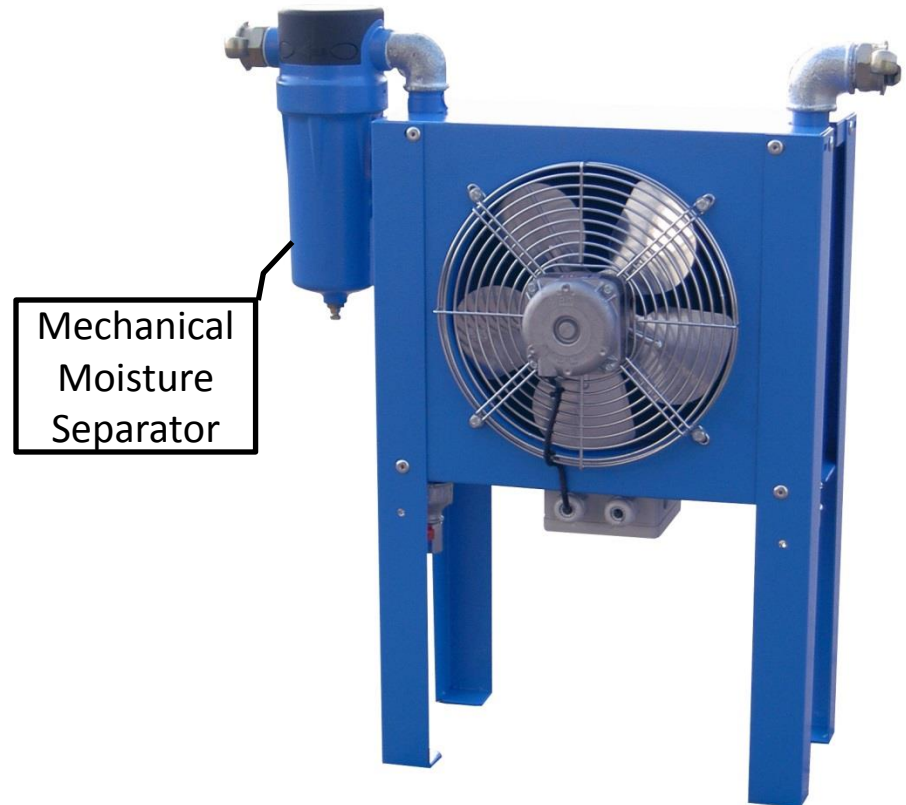


Aftercoolers for Reciprocating Compressors

Beltguard Aftercooler



Stand Alone Aftercooler



Mechanical
Moisture
Separator

Air Dryers



High Temperature Dryer

- Dew point 40°F or 50°F
- Inlet Temperature up to 180°F
- Used with Reciprocating Compressors



Standard Refrigerated Dryer

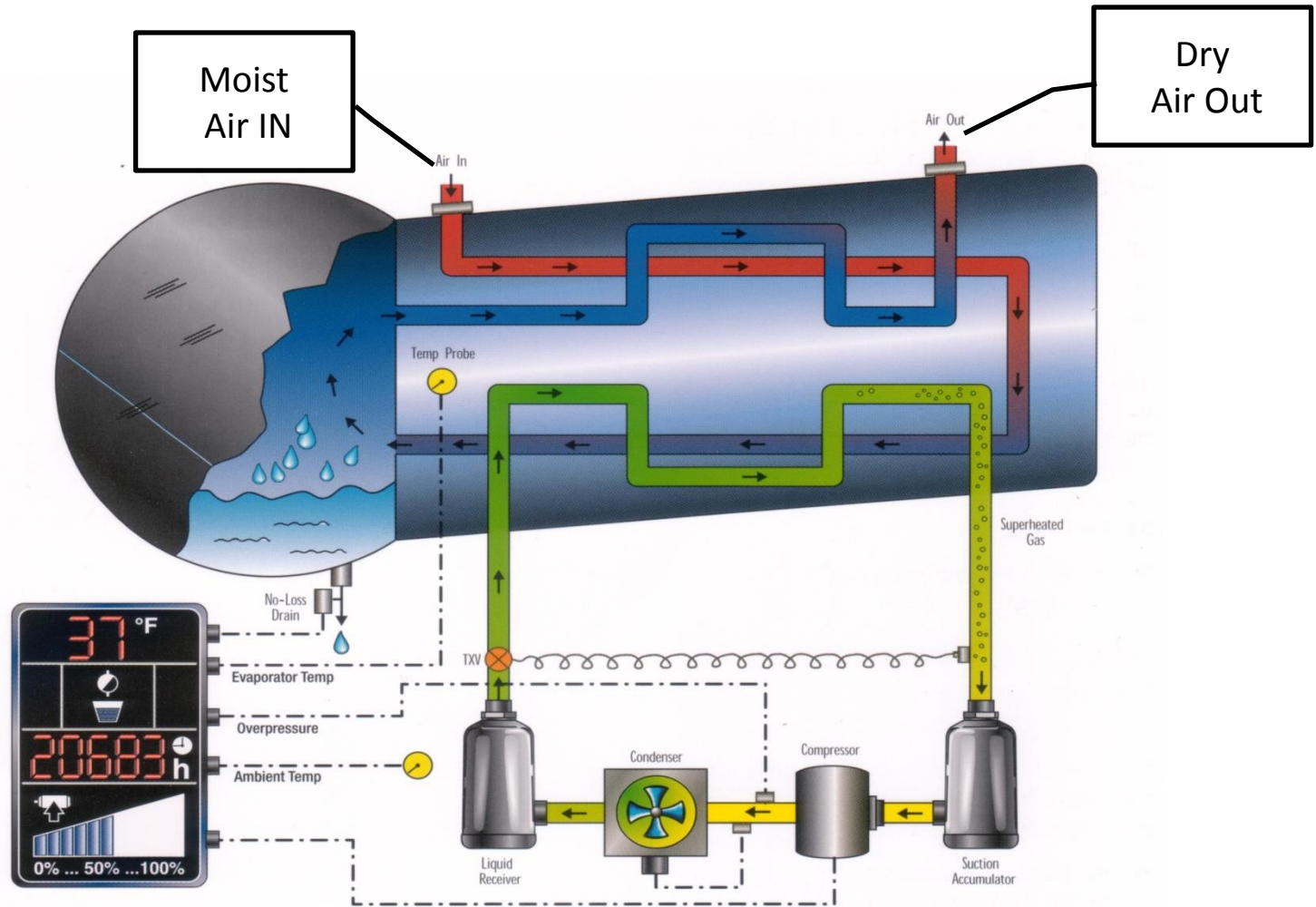
- Dew point 39°F
- Used with Screw Compressors



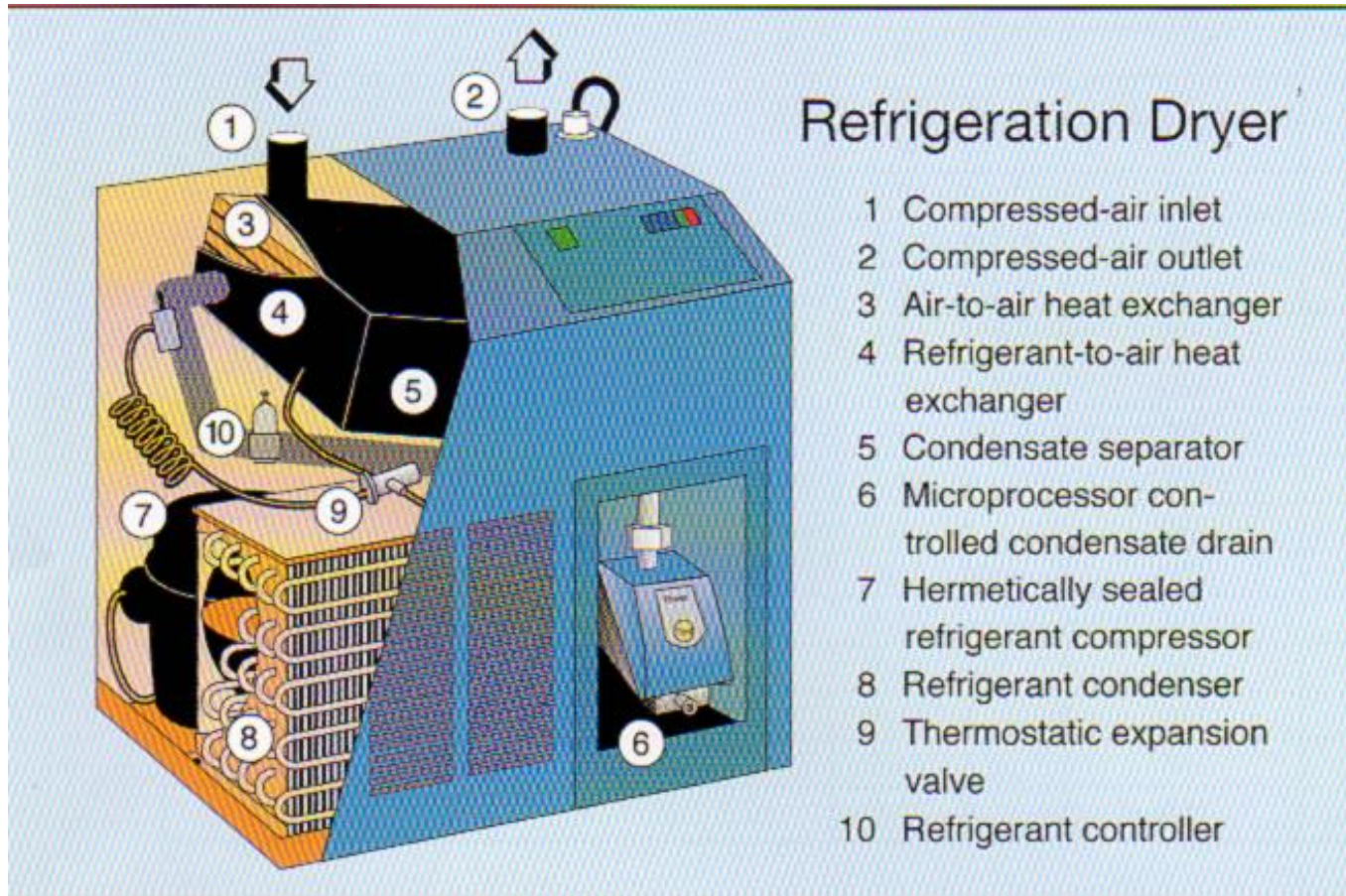
Desiccant or Regenerative Dryer

- Dew point -40°F

Refrigerated Air Dryer Flow Schematic



Refrigerated Air Dryer Components



Sizing a Standard Refrigerated Air Dryer

Factors that affect dryer efficiency



1. Inlet Air Pressure
2. Inlet Air Temperature
3. Ambient Air Temperature
4. Dew Point Desired

Correction Factors for Sizing a Refrigerated Air Dryer

CORRECTION FACTORS

Inlet Air Pressure Correction

A	PSI	60	80	100	120	140	150	180	200
QPNC 10 - 250 Factor		0.79	0.93	1	1.03	1.07	1.09	1.12	1.14

Inlet Air Temperature Correction

B	Temp. °F	80	100	110	120
QPNC 10 - 250 Factor		1.05	1	0.87	0.67
QPNC 325 - 3000 Factor		1.05	1	0.84	0.69

Ambient Air Temperature Correction

C	Temp. °F	80	90	100	110
QPNC 10 - 250 Factor		1.12	1.03	1	0.92
QPNC 325 - 3000 Factor		1.15	1.07	1	0.91

Dew Point Correction

D	Temp. °F	37-39°F	45-50°F
QPNC 10 - 250 Factor		1	1.12
QPNC 325 - 3000 Factor		1	1.2

Example One: Conditions Requirement

Capacity	480 cfm
Inlet Pressure	120 psig
Inlet Air Temp.	110°F
Ambient Temp.	100°F
Dew Point	39°F

Example One: Calculations

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Dryer Required} &= \frac{\text{cfm required}}{(A) \times (B) \times (C) \times (D)} \\ &= \frac{480}{(1.03) \times (.84) \times (1) \times (1)} \\ &= 555 \text{ cfm dryer required} \end{aligned}$$

Select QPNC 600 for this application

Example Two: Conditions

QPNC 500 Corrected Flow for:

Inlet Pressure	120 psig
Inlet Air Temp.	110°F
Ambient Temp.	90°F
Dew Point	39°F

Example Two: Calculations

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Corrected Capacity} &= \text{Std. Capacity} \times (A) \times (B) \times (C) \times (D) \\ &= 500 \times (1.03) \times (.84) \times (1.07) \times (1) \\ &= 463 \text{ cfm} \end{aligned}$$



QPNC-25 Non-Cycling Dryer

High Temperature Refrigerated Air Dryer



REFRIGERATED AIR DRYERS

QRHT — HIGH TEMPERATURE REFRIGERATED DRYER

SPACE SAVING REFRIGERATED DRYER

QRHT Series Total Air System High Temperature Dryers integrate five different components that perform separate functions. An air-cooled aftercooler, refrigerated dryer, moisture separator, Zero Loss drain, and coalescing filter. These five components work in harmony to ensure clean dry, filtered compressed air.

- 180°F Inlet Temperature
- 3-In-1 Design
- Eliminates Water, Oil and Dirt from Air
- Prevents Damage to Pneumatic Tools
- Fewer Finished Product Defects
- Prevents "Fisheye" Paint Splotches
- Reduces Operational Downtime
- Increase Profitability and Productivity
- Eliminates Air Line Purging



QRHT — SPECIFICATIONS & ENGINEERING DATA

High Temperature			Power Consumption Kw	Max psig	Refrigerant	Dimensions			Approx Wt. lb.	Connections In.
Model	cfm @ 100 psig	Voltage				L In.	W In.	H In.		
QRHT 25	25	115/1/60	42	232	R134a	21	14	18	57	1/2" NPT
QRHT 50	50	115/1/60	84	232	R404A	23	19	31	108	1" NPT
QRHT 75	75	115/1/60	169	232	R404A	23	19	31	168	3/4" NPT
QRHT 100	100	115/1/60	163	232	R404A	23	19	41	231	3/4" NPT
QRHT 125	125	115/1/60	203	232	R404A	23	19	41	236	3/4" NPT

Notes: Instrumentation includes: On/off switch, refrigerant suction pressure gauge and drain test button. Coalescing filter is supplied for all models.

Inlet Flow SCFM			
Model	50°F PDP	40°F PDP	
QRHT 25	25	20	
QRHT 50	50	40	
QRHT 75	75	60	
QRHT 100	100	80	
QRHT 125	125	100	

SCFM flow is rated at 180°F max. Wet, 100 psig and 100°F ambient.

High Temperature Refrigerated Air Dryer

QRHT — SPECIFICATIONS & ENGINEERING DATA

High Temperature			Power Consumption Kw	Max psig	Refrigerant	Dimensions			Approx Wt. lb.	Connections In.
Model	cfm @ 100 psig	Voltage				L In.	W In.	H In.		
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QRHT 75	75	115/1/60	169	232	R404A	23	19	31	168	3/4" NPT
QRHT 100	100	115/1/60	163	232	R404A	23	19	41	231	3/4" NPT
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Notes: Instrumentation includes; On/off switch, refrigerant suction pressure gauge and drain test button. Coalescing filter is supplied for all models.

Inlet Flow SCFM		
Model	50°F PDP	40°F PDP
QRHT 25	25	20
QRHT 50	50	40
QRHT 75	75	60
QRHT 100	100	80
QRHT 125	125	100

SCFM flow is rated at 180°F max. inlet, 100 psig and 100°F ambient

Sizing a Refrigerated Air Dryer



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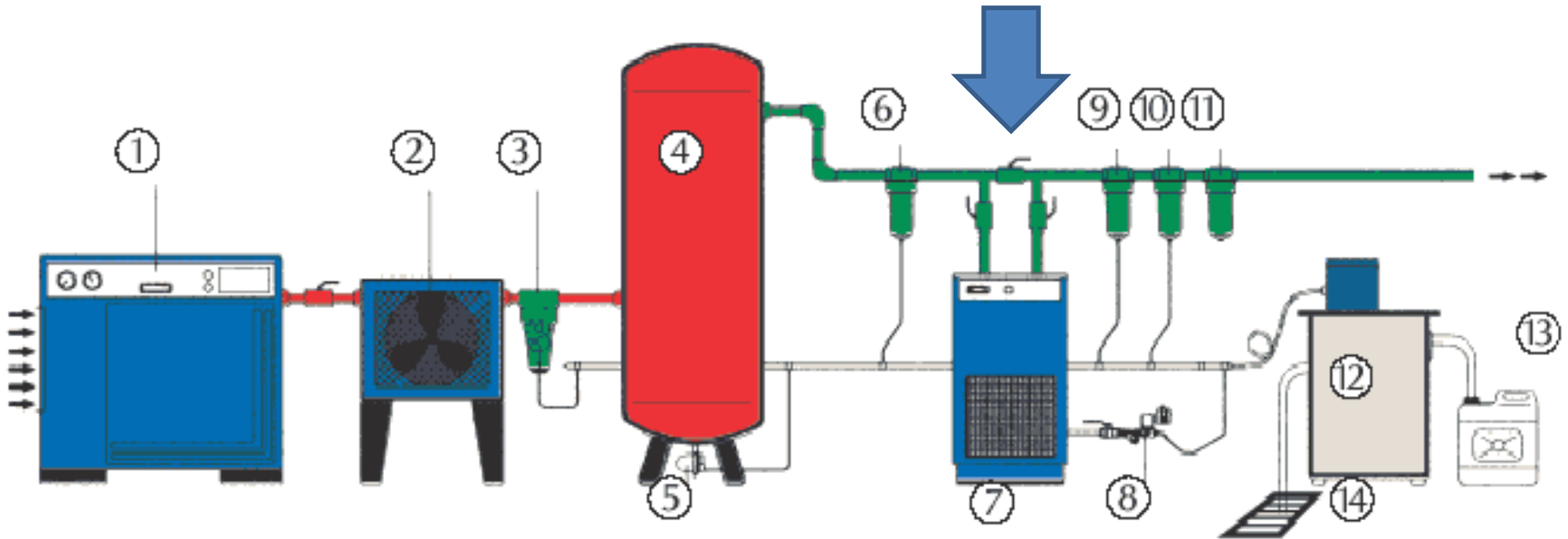
Notes: Instrumentation includes: On/off switch, refrigerant suction pressure gauge and drain test button. Coalescing filter is supplied for all models.

Inlet Flow SCFM			
Model	50°F PDP	40°F PDP	
QRHT 25	25	20	
QRHT 50	50	40	
QRHT 75	75	60	
QRHT 100	100	80	
QRHT 125	125	100	

SCFM flow is rated at 180°F
max. Wet, 100 psig and
100°F ambient

Dryer Installation

3-Way Bypass



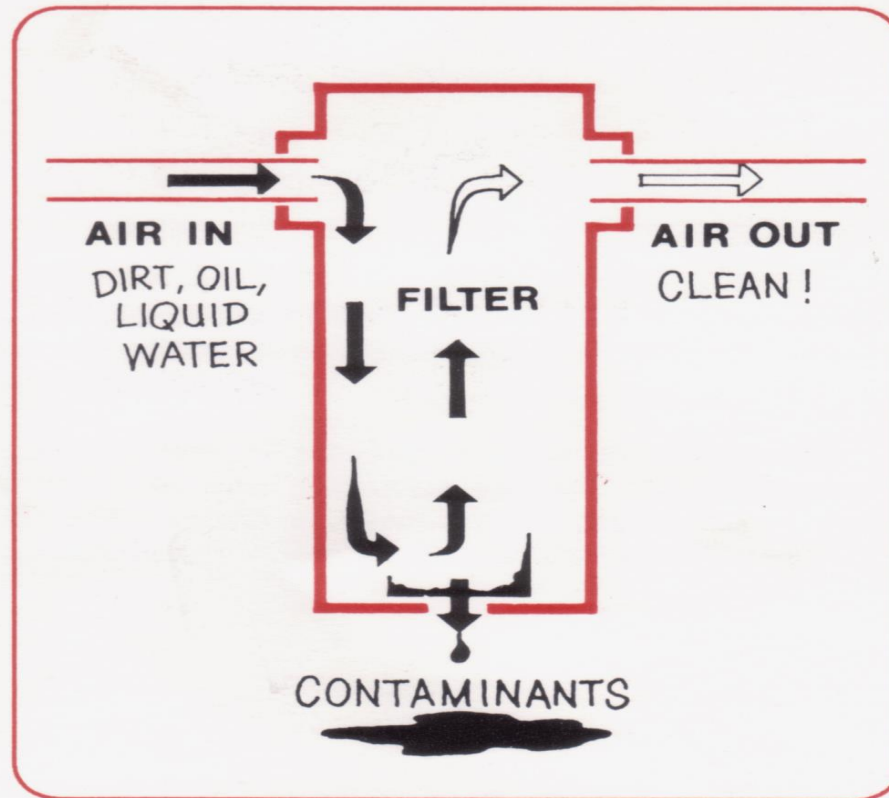
Air Purity Classes – ISO 8573-1

Extract from ISO 8573-1 - threshold values

ISO 8573-1:2010 Class	Solids			Water	Oil
	Maximum number of particles per m³			Pressure Dew Point vapor	Totalshare in oil (liquid aerosol and mist)
	0.1 - 0.5 µm	0.5 - 1 µm	1 - 5 µm		mg/m³
0	According to determination by the instruments user, more severe requirements than Class 1				
1	<= 20.000	<= 400	<= 10	<= -70 °C	0,01
2	<= 400.000	<= 6.000	<= 100	<= -40 °C	0,1
3	--	<= 90.000	<= 1.000	<= -30 °C	1
4	--	--	<= 10,000	<= -3 °C	5
5	--	--	--	<= +7 °C	--
6	--	--	--	<= +10 °C	--
7	--	--	--	<= -40 °C	--
8	--	--	--	--	--
9	--	--	--	--	--
x	--	--	--	--	L10

HOW TO FILTER COMPRESSED AIR

Principles and Procedures



Air Filters

Particulate Filter

- Removes solid particles
- Efficiency 90%

Coalescing Filter

- Removes solid particles, liquid water, and oil
- Efficiency 99.9%

Activated Carbon Filters

- Oil vapor, hydrocarbon odors
- Efficiency 99.997%



QCS Quincy Oil Water Separators





Air Compressor
Sales • Service • Parts

WE **SERVICE** AIR COMPRESSORS



AUTHORIZED
DISTRIBUTOR
Quincy
COMPRESSOR



We Sell

Parts for All Major Compressor Brands!

- Quincy
- Almig
- Atlas Copco
- Bauer
- Boge
- Champion
- Curtis
- CP
- Gardner Denver
- Kaiser
- Kobelco
- Palatek
- Powerex
- IR
- Saylor Beal
- Sullair

We Sell

Filters - Oil - Parts

- Airends
- Air Filters
- Air Gauges
- Ball Valves
- Coolers
- Drains
- Drive Couplings
- Fans
- Flex Hoses
- FRLs
- Line Filters
- Motors
- Oil Analysis
- Oil Filters
- Safety Valves
- Separators
- Solenoid Valves
- Tanks

Related That Go With the Compressor

- Extended Warranty Kit
- Line Filter
- Air Dryer
- Flex Hose
- Vibration Pads
- FRL
- Tank Drain
- Service Agreement



Information Required when Requesting a Quote for Parts

- Customer Name and location
- Model
- Serial Number
- Record of Change on Quincy Recips

Information Required when Requesting a Quote for Parts From Store 90

- Contact Name and location
- Model
- Serial Number
- Record of Change on Quincy Recips

Troubleshooting

An air system with a refrigerated air dryer
has no air downstream of the dryer

Dryer is Frozen?

Troubleshooting

A customer comes in to buy a pressure switch because it bleeds all of the air from the air tank through the unloader valve on the pressure switch.

Intank check Valve is Bad

Troubleshooting

A customer says he is finding a lot of water in the crankcase of the compressor.

Compressor may be too big for the application

Change oil more often

Troubleshooting

A customer says his compressor does not make the same amount of air it used to.

Bad valves



Safety Valve

Protects the air tank, piping, and other equipment connected to the compressed air system from explosion should the air pressure exceed designed working pressure.





What can happen if the system does not have an safety valve?





What can happen if the safety valve is not the correct one?





How do you select the correct safety valve?

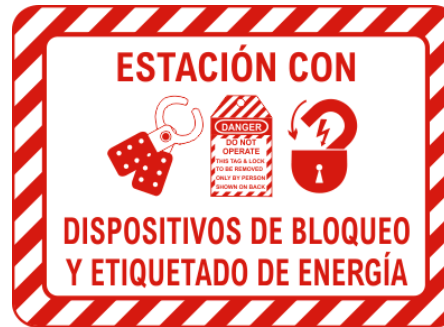


- The safety valve should protect the system from the worst case situation
- **PSI** – the safety valve can be set for the MAWP (maximum allowable working pressure) of the air tank.
- **CFM** – the safety valve flow should be greater than the flow of all of the air compressors connected to the tank.





Use lock out/tag out equipment when working with compressor equipment to prevent accidents.





Hard Hat

Hearing Protection



Safety Shoes



Safety Glasses





Is it ok to clean yourself
with compressed air?







Dangers of Pointing Compressed Air on the Body

- The noise of spraying air can cause hearing loss
- Air blown into the mouth can rupture the lungs or stomach
- Compressed air can enter the blood stream and cause death
- It only takes 12 psi to blow out an eyeball from its socket

